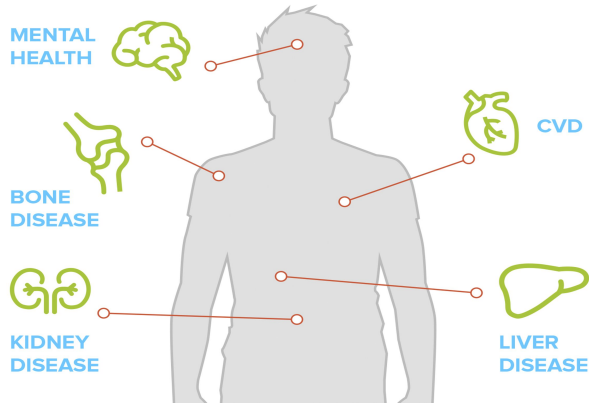


HIV/AIDS and Co-morbidity

co-morbidity (noun)

the simultaneous presence of two chronic diseases or conditions in a patient.

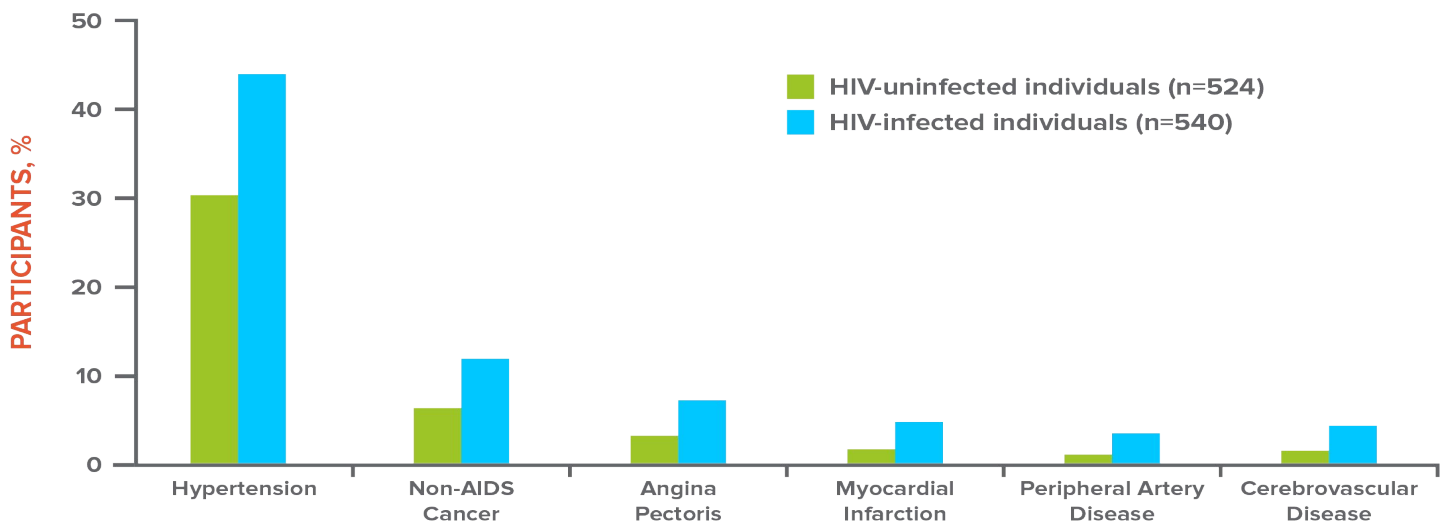
"the comorbidity of anxiety and depression in Parkinson's disease"



Person diagnosed with HIV/AIDS are more likely to be diagnosed with mental health needs, struggles with bone, kidney and liver disease, and to be diagnosed with cardio vascular disease. (Gilead Sciences, Inc., 2018)

Between 2003 and 2013, patients diagnosed with HIV who had private insurance had an increase from 6% to 9% in diabetes, from 10% to 25% in hypertension, from 10% to 23% in hyperlipidaemia, from 1% to 5% in obesity, and from 10% to 16% in endocrine diseases. (Highleyman, 2016)

Between 2003 and 2013, patients diagnosed with HIV who had Medicaid had an increase from 9% to 17% in diabetes, from 16% to 47% in hypertension, from 8% to 29% in hyperlipidaemia, from 2% to 12% in obesity, and from 14% to 24% in endocrine diseases. (Highleyman, 2016)



AGE-ASSOCIATED NONCOMMUNICABLE COMORBIDITY

Reference:

Gilead Sciences, Inc., 2018. Stop the Virus. Retrieved from https://www.helpstoptheviruspro.com/hiv-treatment/hiv-and-aging?utm_medium=cpc&utm_campaign=2019_Comorbidities+-+Exact&utm_content=General&utm_term=hiv+comorbidities&mc=HSTV01&utm_source=bing&gclid=CLK107WB_eACFWGWxQldZqABMg&gclid=ds

Highleyman, L., 2016. NAM Aidsmap. *Co-morbidities are common and rising among people with HIV in the US*. Retrieved from <http://www.aidsmap.com/Co-morbidities-are-common-and-rising-among-people-with-HIV-in-the-US/page/3105593/>